Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.] FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1807. [No. 2010.

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday, WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on Commission and the prices of which are established, will at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

For Sale or Rent,

A convenient two story BRICK HOUSE, with back buildings, &c. situate on Duke-street, between Pitt and St. Asaph-streets.

ALSO,

A commodious frame STORE, on King-street, between Royal and Pitt-streets.

Apply to

Lawrence Hooff.

August 31. 90

Twenty thousand lbs.

Porto Rico Green Coffee and

St Croix Sugars, received per sch't. Fletcher and Riley, from St. Thomas—

For sale by

R. Veitch and Co.
OR
C. Powell.

July 21. dtf

FOR SALE,

20 hhds. South-west Mountain *TOBACCO,*
Selected for the West-India market.

ALSO,

1 pipe, 1 half pipe, 4 qr. casks } London Bill Wine, excellent quality.

Wm. Hodgson.

July 31. d

FOR SALE,

BY LEWIS DEBLOIS,

An assortment of *BROAD CLOTHS,* from eleven to eighteen shillings sterling cost—part of them intitled to drawback.

Ravens Duck.
French Brandy.
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter-casks.
New-England Rum, in barrels.
Cod-Fish, and Stone Lime.

May 7. d

A Miller Wanted.

☞ To a Man who understands the Milling Business, and can produce good recommendations for industry, sobriety, &c. liberal wages will be given by applying to

M. MILLER.

June 20 d.

District of Columbia.

NOTICE *is hereby given to all whom it may concern,* That the Consul General of Portugal to the United States of America, has authorized the subscriber, to legalize all papers that may be necesssary for vessels bound from the ports of this district to any in Portugal or Madeira.

Those masters of vessels who may omit having their bills of health thus certified, will be liable to undergo quarantine.

It is requisite that any article shipped for account of a Portuguese subject, should be declared, and sworn to, as Portuguese property; and the bills of lading legalized as above.

Lewis Deblois.

May 16. d

Twenty-five Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY, sometime in the months of November or December last,

A NEGRO MAN by the name of *SAM,* who was hired in the town of Alexandria to a Mr. *Robert Smith.* He was about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, very strait, of rather a yellowish or tawney complexion, stutters a little, has a soft voice, and generally seems humble and timid when spoken to. He had a wife at Col. Jemmeson's, in the county of Caroline, and may perhaps now be lurking in that neighborhood, but I think it more probable he may have gone to the state of Maryland.—If he is taken in the state of Virginia and brought to me I will give the above reward; if in the state of Maryland and brought to me I will give *Thirty Dollars* reward.

Baldwin M. Lee.

Virginia, Westmoreland county, July 24. [30] d

Just Received,

By the brig Louisa, John Macnamara, master, from Madeira, and for sale by the subscriber,

7 pipes and 12 quarter casks prime London particular WINE, *of the brand of Scott & Co. fit for immediate use.*

James Patton,

August 21.

☞ ALSO,

Bills on London for Sale,
Drawn by J. P.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per schooner Patty from Portsmouth,

AND FOR SALE BY

Lawrason & Fowle,

50 tons PLAISTER
100 boxes SOAP
50 boxes Mould and Dipped CANDLES
20 barrels MACKAREL, and
200 boxes Nova Scotia HERRINGS.

August 8

WANTED,

A MILLER who is master of

his business, to take care of a *merchant mill.*—To such a one good wages will be given.—For the person who wants, please apply to Mr *Joseph Smith,* Alexandria.

March 17. d

Public Sale.

WILL be sold, at public sale, for ready money, on the premises, on Wednesday the 12th of August next, the estate called CLIFTON on Panther-Skin in Loudoun county, consisting of 205 acres of land, on which was formerly erected a merchant and saw mill, distillery, &c. or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise 1600 and the costs of suit, to satisfy Joseph Tidball.

This sale is made pursuant to a decree of the county court of Loudoun, at which time and place due attendance will be given by

The Commissioners.

July 13. [21]

THE badness of the weather on Wednesday last, prevented a sale of the above property on that day as advertised. It will again be offered for sale on the 12TH OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at the same place and upon the same terms as above.

The Commissioners.

August 19. dts

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,
TEAS, particularly selected for family use: Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin, and Souchong
Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality
WINES: Madeira, Buscellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine old Port
Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flotant indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimne, sto spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best english and country made gunpowder, segars and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms

CAUTION.

WHEREAS the subscriber issued to Mr. WILLIAM HODGSON two Notes of hand, one dated on or about the 23d of April, 1807, at six months, for 330 dollars 56 cents—the other date not recollected, but believe it is dated 8th of May at six months, for 225 dollars—which notes are not yet due.—And whereas the said William Hodgson now stands justly indebted to me in the sum of 566 dollars and 66 cents: This is therefore to caution all persons from taking an assignment of the above mentioned notes, as I am determined to stop the payment thereof, till satisfied for my claim against him.

James Anderson.

September 2. d3t

For BOSTON,

The Brig MARY,
ROBERT B. HALL, Master;
Will sail in a few days, and will take a few hundred barrels on freight if immediate application is made to

Lawrason and Fowle—

Who have for Sale,

The CARGO of said Brig,

Consisting of

112 tons plaister Paris; 20 pipes Holland gin, of a superior quality; 150 boxes brown soap; 20 ditto chocolate.

IN STORE,

10 bales Beerboon gurrahs; 15 chests imperial and hyson teas; 20 hhds. and 30 barrels N. E. rum; 5 pipes French brandy; 10 do. Holland gin; 1 pipe Madeira and 30 cases claret wine; 20 hhds. retailing molasses; 5 hhds. and 60 barrels Muscovado and clayed sugars; 6 casks superior oil; 10 boxes spermaceti, 150 do. mould, and 30 do. dipt candles; 150 do. brown soap; 100 ditto chocolate; 40 ditto cod-fish; a few quintals ditto, suitable for family use; 150 boxes herrings; 3 casks English sewing twine; 1 case cotton and wool cards; 90 kegs Bellona gunpowder, and a quantity of cheese.

August 21.

LANDING,

From on board the brig LOUISA, from Madeira,

MADEIRA,

AND FOR SALE,

4 pipes, 8 hhds., 8 quarter-casks, } Choice Madeira Wine,

Shipped by Messrs Murdoch, Yuille, Wardrop and Co. Of the same quality as they have for some years past sent to Judge Washington and others for their own use, and which is deemed very superior.

William Hodgson.

August 20 d

Valuable Lands for Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of the Honorable the United States Circuit Court, of the district of Columbia, for the county of Alexandria, will be sold, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of September next, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six, twelve, and eighteen months—

One Moiety of a Tract of Land,

called 'ABINGDON,' formerly the residence of Mr. Robert Alexander, *lying on the Potomac and four-mile-creek, and about three miles above the town of Alexandria, commanding a handsome view of the Potomac, Alexandria, Washington City and George-Town, and the new road to Washington passing nearly through the center of the tract, which contains five hundred and fifty-three acres, and is laid off into fourteen lots of different sizes to accommodate purchasers, a plat of which may be seen at any time on application to the subscribers.*

☞ *The sale will commence at 12 o'clock.*

Thomas Swann,
G. Deneale,
Edmund I. Lee, } Comr's.

August 28 dts

Just received from Philadelphia,

By Captain Hand,

29 chests Young Hyson, and
9 boxes Hyson Shulan Tea, of a superior quality, which will be sold low.

Likewise on Hand,

6 hhds. good Sugar,
10 hhds. Molasses, of a good quality,
Salt of various kinds,
And a constant supply of Flour suitable for family use.

Joseph Dean.

March 27 2 aw

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

NOW LANDING

At Powell's wharf, from on board sloop Maria Antoinette, from St. Jago de Cuba, and for sale by the subscribers—

62 hhds Molasses
65 barrels green Coffee
226 boxes Segars, superior qua.

ALSO ON HAND,

25 barrels Coffee
1700 lbs Bees Wax
270 Spanish Hides
10,000 bushels Salt.

Wadsworth and Butler.

September 2. d1w eotf

Journeyman Shoemakers.

WANTED immediately, twenty Journeyman Shoemakers, to make strong shoes, to whom constant employment will be given.—Also a Foreman capable of conducting a small manufactory.

Bootmaking carried on as heretofore on Main L—

on hand a large assortment of fashionable Boots.

John Minchin.

☞ Five or six Apprentices wanted to the Boot and Shoemaking business. Apply as above.

Washington City, Sept. 2. 3t

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 1, 1807.

THE Committee, appointed by Council to contract for the building of a Powder House, hereby *give notice,* that a plan is lodged with Mr. *James Russell,* who will shew the same to any person desirous to contract for building thereof with hard brick.

Proposals will be received by Mr. *Russell,* any time before Saturday next at 3 o'clock.

September 2.

BRYAN HAMPSON

HAS FOR SALE,

Wines:
10 pipes old port,
5 do. Madeira,
30 quarter casks Lisbon,
12 do. particular Teneriffe
15 do. Malaga
12 pipes old cognac brandy
5 do. 4th proof Holland gin
5 hhds. 3d proof Antigua rum
12 do. 1st quality molasses
6 do. green copperas
2 do. alum
30 do. brown sugar
20 bags pimento
15 do. pepper
Teas:
10 chests young hyson
10 do. hyson skin
5 do. imperial
100 bags green coffee
150 kegs madder
50 do. ground ginger
30 do. raisins
1200 lbs bacon, well cured
5 kegs salt petre

A quantity of fine and ground allum salt.

At all times he has the first quality flour for family use, on hand—with a number of other articles—all of which he will sell low on his former terms.

August 31. d

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber attends at his office on *TUESDAY* and *SATURDAY* in every week, agreeable to law, for the purpose of transacting testamentary and all other business appertaining thereto: on which days all persons concerned are required to attend.

Alexander Moore,
Register of Wills for Alex. County.

August 1. law3w

From the Philadelphia Register.

MR. EDITOR,

WHEN the government of a great people has, by a combination of folly and wickedness in the governed, been placed in the hands of weak and designing men, no means of guiding the public sentiment to opinions of honor and patriotism remain, but the communication of them through the medium of a free press, the palladium of freemen. Widely different views of the same question, may be taken by men actuated by the same principles; it is for the sober and reflecting part of the community to decide on the arguments adduced by either.

A writer in your paper of Wednesday last, stigmatizes with the name of folly, the warmth which has been displayed throughout the U. States, at the late outrage committed on our flag and our countrymen; he is shocked that the injury should be considered *unappeasable but by blood!* Sir, what can expiate the crime of having shed the blood of our unsuspecting, and unhappily commanded fellow-citizens, but the blood of their aggressors? Were the latter unauthorised by their government; they are pirates, murderers, and deserve death! Was the outrage commanded by their masters, and therefore a national act? Let the blood of Englishmen flow till it has washed away the stain upon the honor of America! Is this a vindictiveness of character, which has not hitherthy passion, when insult and injury are poured in torrents on our country? Then farewell the proud name of freemen; the cap of liberty covers only the disgrace which bends down Columbia's head! Is it madly rejoicing at the prospect of war, to frown with severity on our lawless foe? If the means of defence have been, thro' criminal inattention in our rulers, neglected, are they therefore destroyed? and does the epithet of infatuation apply with propriety, to crouching under the present blow, in slavish expectation of the next; or to the continuance of the neglect and ignorance which have exposed us without defence to the insults of a foreign nation? What *reign of terror* more *stupifying* and *degrading* than that exercised by insolent foreigners; or what result is to be dreaded more shocking than the repetition of injury, infallibly consequent on present tameness?

But one hundred millions of dollars belonging to Americans, may by a combination of improbabilities, fall into the hands of our enemies. Fast are we descending to the tomb of opprobrium and annihilation, if our national virtue is to be bartered for the advantage of a small portion of the community. But no—were this exaggeration of our losses even to be verified, the country would not be ruined—after the lapse of a few years, commerce would rise from its ashes in her proper form, unincumbered with the glittering tinsel which now exposes her, like a glaring prostitute, to the attack of every unprincipled sea-prowler. Supported by agriculture and manufactures, defended by those arms with which necessity and experience will have surrounded her, she may once more venture abroad, secure in the strength and protection of her parent.

That inflamed and inveterate animosity towards a nation which had waged an unjust war against us would exist, is probable: that this would engender favoritism towards the [illegible] of our people, their love of liberty and independence, is, to my understanding, inexplicable. Aye, if our defence rest upon the system of torpedoes, and the languid exertions of a feeble and disjointed administration, if the ignorant and the base sit in the national councils, are exalted to the highest offices of our country, and are enthroned in the hearts of the multitude—and no, no, if the talents, the virtue, the energy of the nation obey the call of patriotism, and by their services to their countrymen, claim the place in their confidence and affection which will not be refused them.

AMMIAN.

From the Virginia Gazette.

CHOICE KIND OF WHEAT.

For eight or nine years past I have bestowed careful attention upon the culture of a particular kind of wheat, culled from the forward May-Wheat, beginning with a small quantity. In this course of time I have made myself perfectly satisfied of its decided superiority, in all respects, over any wheat with which I am acquainted. It is that wheat which every attentive farmer who has sowed of the forward kind, may have seen rising six or eight inches higher, with an ear, stalk and blade of extraordinary size, and ripening about six days later; its superiority on that wheat became evidenced from its rapid increase, appearing first in the rates of, perhaps not more than one to twenty, and in a few years seeming to predominate. Minutely attentive to it in each successive year I have never discerned the slightest change in the manner of its growth, in the color or form of the grain, nor in the production of the crop; rust, blast, nor any accident have disappointed me in a single year. The harvest before the last I got as much seed as sufficed for sowing all my land, and to spare a little to three or four neighbors. It is remarkable (and the remark is made by no indifferent person who had taken more notice than myself,) that not one crop had failed from the seed of my wheat, whilst the crops of the neighborhood have suffered greatly from the *Hessian Fly*.——Upon my own farms I never had such abundant crops; indeed I never saw such production on lands of the same quality. That the crops made from the seed of this wheat have escaped wonderfully, though not exempt from the evident attacks of the *Fly*, is a fact. But whether this escape should be attributed to accident, or to any power of resistance to the ravages of that mischievous insect in preserving this species of wheat I cannot pretend to decide. I can conceive but one ground upon which any one kind wheat can claim a superiority over an other in resisting or recurring upon the spoils of the insect, that is the superior size and strength of the straw, and of the roots, the first bearing substance enough in the stalk to sustain the ripened ear, after receiving the wounds, the latter affording an extraordinary supply of [illegible] to replenish the interruption by the *Fly*. I have never seen any wheat possessing so large a stalk and blade; from its extraordinary branching and the largeness of the growth I infer the certainty of its strong roots—I have tried, fairly and fully, the purple straw; of the yellow Lomas I made trial two years; of the yellow bearded Maryland (the superior kind of that class) I made a single small experiment. The first, a good wheat, yet succeeds not as well because it branches not equally nor grows upon land so high, the grain too is inferior. The yellow Lomas seems equally subject to rust, with the old English white wheat of the bearded, the grain pleased me, but heads so small, with only two grains in a whisp, I cannot be persuaded are capable of yielding a large crop. Independent of these one consideration induced me to discard it. Cattle nor any other stock, I am afraid will not eat the chaff on account of its beard, nor even the straw, except on the point of starving—confirmed in the decided superiority of my own wheat, over that evil or the rust I had argument enough for rejecting all other and confining myself to that alone. I have no doubt, of this new species of wheat being a product of the forward May, by some unaccountable means as that in its origin, was of the common English white wheat. I believe this, because I never saw a crop of wheat (after it became common among us) in which this latter and later kind was not intermixed; because at the time of this mixture appearing upon my own farm, there seems to be not a possibility of so considerable a mixture growing out of the accident of mingled seed, since there had not been upon my land, to my knowledge, a grain of such wheat, and further because I have never any where seen a wheat nearly resembling it in its growth, grain, &c. except the May wheat itself.

In the size of the stalk, in its height, and in its superior branching, consist the eminent superiority it claims over other wheat, in its grain it appears not inferior to the best, in its production I have never seen it exceeded. Part of my crop, in a piece of ground put into turnips, was not sowed until January of the present year—it came not up until March and yet made itself most perfectly, the season was favorable. The grain is shaped nearly like the forward wheat, its color somewhat darker, but much lighter than the purple straw, it ripens precisely with that wheat the purple straw. I will send as soon as convenient, samples to Mr. Gallego, Richmond; Mr. William Pollard, Hanover court house; and Mr. John Lewis, Fredericksburg. I can spare perhaps five or six hundred bushels of this wheat. It may be expected that I should say something about a price, the article has no price—it may suffice to say, that a trifle, a few pence &c. but above the ordinary price, at market, will content me. I would not be thought indifferent to my interest, nor yet destitute of that disposition common to agricultural men, fully to impart to others the benefit of a discovery or improvement. Wishing investigation, that my word or my judgment may not be reclined upon alone, I mention the names of persons to whom I furnished seed last fall, Mr. Charles Thompson, Mr. Wingfield Cosby, Mr. Thomas Mallory, near Negro Foot, and Mr. Goodman.

W. FONTAINE.

Hanover, August 7, 1807.

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tion will please to be made for terms, &c. he being legally authorized to contract and dispose of all the above valuable property, for which good and satisfactory titles will be given.

WALTER S. ALEXANDER.

August 13. eo

To be Rented,

A three story Brick Dwelling and Warehouse, on King and Henry-streets—together or separate. Likewise, on the opposite side, a two story Brick Dwelling-House.

For terms apply to

Jonathan and M. Scholfield.

May 1. eo

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms,

A THREE STORY *BRICK WAREHOUSE*, on Union-street, next door to Benjamin Shreve, jun. well situated for the *Shipping or Grocery* business—Also, a LOT

From the RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

TRIAL
OF
COLONEL A. BURR.

(Continued by adjournment and held at the Capitol in the Hall of the house of Delegates,)

for High Treason against the U. States.

On Friday Mr. Martin resumed the discussion on the important motion before the court; and spoke 8 hours.

On Saturday, he continued his argument and spoke till 3: that is, 14 hours in all.—He was followed by Mr. E. Randolph, who spoke till 5.

We intended to have commenced in this number our sketch of the arguments of counsel on this question—but not being furnished in time with the notes of one of the counsel, and this argument assuming additional interest from the circumstance of its being almost certainly the concluding argument on the prosecution for treason, we have determined to reserve it to our next paper, to give it more correctly and in greater detail.

MONDAY, *August* 31.

This day the court met a few minutes after 11, and the chief justice was occupied until half after two, in delivering the opinion of the court, on the motion before it.—The opinion was of course extremely elaborate and voluminous. We shall present a complete copy of it as soon as possible, to the public, and in the mean time they must be satisfied with the following statement of its principal and very interesting conclusions. The following explanation will make those points more intelligible to our readers.

The counsel for Mr. Burr stopped the interrogation of Maurice P. Bellnap, who was examined on the 20th ult. and moved the court to exclude father evidence upon this ground, that the accused was proved not to have been present at the time of the overt act laid in the indictment.

In support of this motion they urged the following reasons:

1. That Burr not being present was merely an accessary, and not a principal, and therefore not punishable under the constitution and laws of the U. S.

2. That if he was a principal only in the 2d degree, where guilt is merely derivative, and that therefore no parol evidence could be admitted against him, until a record was produced of the conviction of the offender in the 1st degree.

3. That the facts must be proved as laid in the indictment, and evidence proving the accused to have been absent at the time of the overt acts is inadmissible to support an indictment charging him with the commission of that act.

4. That no parol evidence could be given to connect the prisoner with the men assembled on Blannerhassett's island, until an act of treason in these men was proved; and that the assemblage there was not an act of treason.

We understand that on the first point the opinion of the court was, that a man might commit treason in levying war against the U. S. without being present at the time of the overt act alledged in the indictment. Being leagued in the general conspiracy and performing a part in it was deemed sufficient.

The court admitted the second & third positions to be correct.

On the fourth point the court gave a very long and a very elaborate opinion as to an overt act of levying war. The opinion delivered by the supreme court in the case of Bollman and Swartwout was declared to be not correctly understood; and that there must be, before an overt act of treason is completed, either the actual employment of force, or a military assemblage of men, who are in a posture of war.

As soon as the *Chief Justice* had concluded, Mr. *Hay* rose to observe that the opinion just expressed by the court furnished matter for the very serious consideration of the prosecution. As he had not very distinctly heard every part of the opinion, he hoped the court would allow him an hour or two for its more complete consideration. He requested also the use of the opinion for his more particular inspection. Some desultory conversation ensued on the possibility and propriety of printing it for the use of the court. This arrangement was however waved, when Mr. Hay requested the chief justice to permit him to have the use of the paper himself. The latter expressed some doubts about Mr. Hay's ability to decypher it, but cheerfully conceded to the request.

Mr. *Hay* moved an adjournment of the court until Wednesday 12 o'clock, which Mr. Lee objected to, on account of the number of witnesses who were detained on the trial; and Mr. Randolph, on account of the inconveniences to which it would subject some of the jurymen. The chief justice then proposed to adjourn the court till 6 o'clock this evening; by which time perhaps the counsel for the prosecution might determine on the course which they would pursue.

Mr. *Wirt* observed, that it would take at least till 6 o'clock to decypher the opinion.

Chief Justice. We will adjourn the court till 6 o'clock; and if the prosecution are not ready, we may adjourn till a more distant time.

Mr. *Burr.* I would ask, if necessary, that the jury should in the mean time go more at large. This proposition was finally rejected.

The court adjourned at 6, without doing any thing.

TUESDAY, *September* 1.

Mr. Hay observed that the opinion delivered by the court on yesterday, had been maturely considered by the counsel for the U. S. the result of which was, that he had nothing further to offer to this jury, either of evidence or argument.

The jury then retired, and after an absence of 20 minutes returned a verdict in these words:

"We, of the jury, find that AARON BURR is not proved to be guilty under this indictment, by any evidence submitted to us. We, therefore, find him NOT GUILTY."

This form of a verdict was objected to by colonel Burr and his counsel, who insisted that it should be in the usual form, simply, *Not Guily*.

Mr. *Hay* contended that the jury had a right to find their verdict in this form if they thought proper; and that it should be recorded in the very words of the verdict. It might be more satisfactory to them, and amounted in effect to the same thing as a general verdict of *not guilty*. He knew of no law, and he was certain there was no principle against it.

Mr. *Randolph* answered that *form* was against it; and in criminal cases, *form* was *law*. Why else are precedents always consulted to ascertain what the law is.

Colonel *Burr* contended that the jury had no right to bring in a written verdict, or to say more than whether he was *guilty* or *not guilty*. The form of the charge given to the jury (which was read, at his request, by the clerk) would point out their duty. This was, that they were to say whether *guilty* or *not guilty*, and *no more*.

Mr. Hay observed that if the verdict were not in writing the same objections might occur, if the jury should persist in the form adopted by them. They might direct their foreman to deliver it *ore tenus*, in the very words which had been indorsed on the indictment.

Col. *Burr.* The charge given to the jury so far from including such matter as they have inserted in their verdict expressly excludes it. If they had delivered it *ore tenus* it would have been considered as mere conversation addressed to the audience, and nothing more would have been thought of it. But they had no right to deface a record of the court.

Mr. *Parker*, one of the jury, enquired whether the indorsement on the indictment could not stand, as the jury, and the verdict be entered on the record in the common form of *not guilty*. If he were sent out again he should not agree to return a verdict in any other form, and if he

were to answer ore tenus, he should use the very same words.

Chief Justice. If the jury think proper to alter their verdict it is very well; but if they insist upon retaining the form in which they have returned it, the court cannot reject it; because it is a full answer to what was given them in charge. The indorsement remained as the jury had inserted it, & the clerk recorded the verdict in the common form *not guilty*.

Col. Burr observed that he should not move for a discharge till to morrow. If any objection should occurr to that course it might now be made.

General Jonathan Dayton appeared in court to answer the indictments found against him by the grand jury for treason and misdemeanor.

Mr. Wickham stated that after the decision of the court yesterday, there could be no doubt but gen. Dayton was bailable. He read two affidavits, one of a Mr. Williamson of Elizabeth-Town in New-Jersey, and the other of gen. Dayton himself, both going to shew that the latter could not have been at Blannerhassett's island at the time when the overt act was committed which is charged in the indictment.

The Chief Justice mentioned twenty thousand dollars, as the sum which should be given.

Mr. Wickham thought it was excessive; and was more than appeared to have been usually required in the state trials in England.

Mr. Hay said he was not very solicitous with respect to the sum.

The court fixed the sum at ten thousand dollars, and Mr. Williamson and Mr. Martin entered as his sureties in the recognizance.

The court adjourned till to-morrow twelve o'clock; at which time the counsel for the U. States will determine upon the course to be pursued with respect to Col. Burr.

BY THIS DAY's MAIL.

NEW YORK, *Sept.* 1.

Captain Bourne, who left Montevideo on the 23d of June, informs us, that the British fleet with a reinforcement, under admiral Murray, from the Cape of Good Hope, consisting of 5000 troops, sailed from Montevideo two days before the Whampoa, for Buenos Ayres, for the purpose of re-taking that place, which they expected to accomplish with little trouble. The whole force was said to consist of 10 000 men, under the command of gen. Whitelocke.

The following articles are copied from a file of Montevideo papers to the 20th of June, with which captain Bourne has favored the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser:

MONTEVIDEO *June* 13.

Head-Quarters, Montevideo, June 10, 1807.

Last night a dispatch was received by his excellency, lieut. general Whitelocke, from col. Pack, commanding the troops at Colonia, with the important and gratifying intelligence, that he had obtained a complete victory over the Spanish army, consisting of upwards of two thousand men, under the command of col. Elio, and strongly posted at St. Pedro.

The enemy had his front and flanks strongly secured by a deep and marshy river, and defended by six pieces of cannon. The difficulties of the position were, however, overcome by the bravery of the British troops, consisting only of nine hundred and fifty men; and they completely succeeded in routing the enemy, with the loss of one hundred and twenty killed, and a great many wounded, leaving in our possession, a standard, six pieces of ordnance, near three hundred stand of arms, with a quantity of ammunition and ordnance stores, and one hundred and five prisoners.

The second in command (lieut. col. Juan Baptista Raymond) one major, two captains, and two lieutenants, are among the prisoners.

The British, in this affair, had only 2 men killed and 28 wounded. But we are sorry to add, that major Gardner and assistant surgeon Turner was slightly wounded by the explosion of an ammunition cart, after the action was over.

June 20.

The fleet expected from England has not arrived.

On Tuesday last a flag of truce arrived at this place from Buenos Ayres, we understand that he brought letters to his excellency the commander of the forces, proposing the exchange of a few prisoners of war; but that the offer was rejected; the terms of the capitulation entered into with major gen. Beresford not having been complied with. The bearer of the dispatch from the other side of the river, had no doubt different motives for his journey to this place, and he was without hesitation placed in a situation to have ocular demonstration of our force and of the use about to be made of it.

Arrived, brig Aspasia, Marriner, in 16 days from Laguira. Left ship Alert, of Philadelphia, from Porto Cavello, having had all her English manufactured goods taken out; ship Minerva, of do. from Curracoa, had not been permitted to an entry; sch'r Juliet Seymour, Weston, of New York, cargo not sold; three masted sch'r Jason, of Baltimore, had sold her flour at 9 dollars; ship Thomas-Wilson, of Baltimore, just commenced loading.—On Sunday, 20 leagues from Sandy Hook, spoke sch'r Jane, from New York, for St. Jago-de-Cuba. The minister of marine at Porto Cavello had written a letter to a merchant in Laguira, stating that he should not grant more licences to Spanish privateers.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4.

MARRIED, last evening, in this town, Mr. AARON RIGHTER LEVERING, of Baltimore, to the amiable Miss NANCY BUTCHER LAWRASON, daughter of Mr. James Lawrason, of this town.

FRENCH PRISONERS.

Yesterday Judge Houston, the district judge of the United States, for the district of Maryland, proceeded in the examination of the affair of the Othello, and took the deposition of Mr. *Harden*, a passenger on board the ship—after which, the judge decided that the crime for which the French prisoners, then in the custody of the marshal, were committed, was committed within the jurisdiction of the state of Maryland and that the United States court had no cognizance of it.

The prisoners were then committed to the custody of the sheriff of Baltimore county, by Mr. Coale, the register of the city, who attended agreeably to the request of the court, the mayor not being able to attend on account of indisposition.

It is understood that Calvert county is the nearest inland to the place in the Chesapeake, where the crime was committed, therefore the court of that county alone has jurisdiction; and that the prisoners will be tried there.

[*Baltimore Fed. Gaz.*

Extract of a letter from Geneva, to a gentleman in Albany, dated 23d August, 1807.

"We have just received intelligence, that the Indians have been committing depredations in the neighborhood of Detroit, and massacred several of the inhabitants; and that the people in the vicinity were flying to the fort for protection.

"This intelligence came in a letter from Judge Porter, who resides on the Niagara river, to his brother Col. Porter, in Canandaigua. If this is the case (as I am apprehensive it is) our company will have to march sooner than they expected."

Commodore PREBLE

Had just completed the 45th year of his age, being born in Portland in August, 1761. The following sketch of his life is copied from "*The Polyanthos:*"

Our young hero, almost from his infancy, discovered a noble and invincible courage, and admirable resolution and perseverance in all his pursuits. Blest with an athletic constitution, and having no great inclination to sedentary amusement; his hours of leisure from his academical and other early studies were mostly devoted to hunting and other exercises of the greatest activity.

In his youth he became a mariner in the mercantile service, which he successfully followed during some years after the commencement of the revolutionary war. In this war he was once made a prisoner. After his liberation from captivity, his enterprize and vigor were displayed in armed vessels of the state of Massachusetts, with honor and success.

"About the year 1779, he entered as a midshipman on board the ship Protector, commanded by capt. John Foster Williams, with whom he served one or two years, till he was promoted to a lieutenancy on board the sloop of war Winthrop, commanded by capt. George Little. In this station he performed a very brilliant and heroic action, boarding and capturing with a very few men, a vessel of more than equal force, lying in the harbor of Penobscot; under a furious cannonade from the battery and an incessant firing from the troops. After this he continued with capt. Little, till the peace of 1783.

In the year 1801, he had the command of the U. S. frigate Essex, in which he performed a voyage to the east Indies, for the protection of our trade in those seas; and having driven off the cruisers, returned in the following year with a convoy from Batavia under his care, consisting of fifteen ships and other vessels, estimated at the value of four millions of dollars.

In the year 1803, captain Preble was honored with the appointment of commodore, and with the command of the U. S. frigate Constitution, with a squadron consisting of 7 sail of vessels in all; and before the end of the year made his passage to the Mediterranean sea.

In the following year, 1804, though he was destined to act in the Mediterranean with his fleet, and particularly designed to subdue or humble the Tripolitan barbarians; yet, on his arrival at Gibraltar, he found the emperor of Morocco had made war upon the vessels of the U. S. This prevented for a time the fleet's progress up the Mediteranean, till the commodore had taken measures to obtain a peace with that power, on terms honorable to his country, which was happily effected. But after the unfortunate loss of the frigate Philadelphia he found that his remaining force was by no means equal to the attack of the strong holds of Tripoli, with any rational prospect of success. Rather than fail however in his design, he obtained a number of gun boats from the king of Naples, by which he was the better able to oppose the gun boats of the enemy. After the burning of the Philadelphia, thro' the valor, of the brave lieut. *Decatur*, under the mouths of the enemy's cannon, he made his first general attack; and all the attacks which he made on the city and fortifications were so little distant in time from each other, and so judiciously conducted with consumate bravery and alertness, that though the obstinate bashaw was not induced to surrender, or flee, yet he was induced to make great abatements, from time to time, in his demands for the emancipation of the prisoners whom he then held in durance.

It is thought that one vessel more added to the small fleet would have enabled the commodore to complete the ruin or capture of the place. Much indeed was done toward compelling the enemy to set at liberty captain Bainbridge, with his officers and men, and towards obtaining a peace on moderate and honorable terms, which has since taken place. The conduct of our prudent and intrepid commander, was such as to do much honor to himself and the flag of the United States in the view of Europe, as well as of America. His conduct has extorted praise from the Bashaw of Tripoli himself: And what affords a peculiar and unexpected honor to this American warrior, though a heretic is the declaration of his Holiness of Rome.—*That he has done more towards humbling the anti christian Barbarians on that coast, than all the Christian states of Europe had ever done.*"

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Sloop Maria Antoinette, Grimes, St. Jago de Cuba—Molasses, Sugar, Coffee and Segars—to Wadsworth and Butler.

Schooner Adventure, M'Knight, Barbadoes—Ballast—to M'Knight and Stewart.

CLEARED,

Ship United States, Coleman, Barbadoes—by James Patton and Marsteller and Young.

Brig Hunter, Borrowdale, do. do.

Ship Alexandria, M'Kenzie, Cowes—James Lawrason.

Brig President, Smith, Antigua—John Tucker.

Brig Calliste, Tyler, Malaga—Lawrason & Fowle.

Brig Louisa, M'Namara, Antigua—Geo. Slacum.

☞ The Volunteer Company of Infantry, are requested to meet at the Court-House, this Evening, at seven o'clock, on business of the Company. *Sept.* 4.

Public Sale.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock,

Will be sold, without reserve, on Merchants wharf, 30 hogsheads first quality Muscovado Sugar, on a credit of 60 and 90 days, for approved endorsed negotiable notes.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Sept. 4.

☞ TWO APPRENTICES to the *Biscuit-baking* business, will be taken on application to

R. RICKETTS.

September 4. d3w

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

Pursuant to a Decree

Of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia, in a suit depending, in Alexandria county, in chancery, wherein Colin Auld, administrator of Robert Milligan, deceased, is complainant, and William Wilson, defendant, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, on SATURDAY, the FIFTH day of SEPTEMBER NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, at the coffee-house in the town of Alexandria, for ready money,

ALL the said William Wilson's right and title in and to three fourth parts of an undivided interest in the whole of the lands heretofore attached to the Keep-Tryst furnace, being about 1400 acres, with the exception of the works and 221 acres sold to the government of the United States, lying in Berkley, now Jefferson county, near Harper's ferry.

Charles Lee,
Tho's Swann, } *Com'rs.*

August 4 2awts

☞ By reason of the absence of the Commissioners, the sale of the above mentioned property is postponed until *Saturday*, the 26th current, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, at the coffee-house, when it will take place.

September 4.

Twenty Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY, from the subscribers, on Tuesday the first instant, a Negro Man, named BEN, about 24 or 26 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, stout made, seems to have an impediment in his speech when interrogated—took with him sundry cloaths not recollected. FIVE DOLLARS will be given if taken up and secured in the county of Alexandria; TEN DOLLARS if taken up and secured ten miles from Alexandria; & TWENTY DOLLARS if taken up and secured twenty miles or upwards from Alexandria—And we will give Twenty Dollars over and above to any one who will prove to conviction any person who may harbor or secrete the said Negro.

Masters of vessels and all others are strictly forbid carrying off said Negro at their peril.

Jamieson & Anderson.

Sept. 4 dtf

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

Mrs. MELMOTH *and Mr.* RUTHERFORD.

ON SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT 5,

Will be presented, the celebrated TRAGEDY,

OF

DOUGLAS.

Lord Randolph,	Mr. Cone.
Glenalvon,	Mr. Wood.
Old Norval,	Mr. Cross.
Douglas,	Mr. Rutherford.
Officer,	Mr. Miller.
Attendants,	Messrs Barnett and Cunningham.
Lady Randolph,	Mrs. Melmoth.
Anne,	Mrs. Jefferson.

END OF THE PLAY,

The Comic Song—"*The Yorkshire Concert, or Madam Figs Gala*—" By Mr. Jefferson.

AFTER WHICH—THE PORTRAIT PAINTER—*Mrs. Melmoth*—In which character she will draw the pictures of a *Beau—A Belle—A Fine Lady—A Miser—A Glutton—Two Speculators—A Sailor—and Herself.*

Between the first and second acts of the Farce, The Favorite Air, "*Blest as the Immortal Gods is he*,"—Mrs. Melmoth.

The evenings entertainments to conclude with the admired musical Farce, of

THE REVIEW;

OR,

The Wags of Windsor.

Deputy Bull,	Mr. Charnock.
John Lump,	Mr. Rutherford.
Looney McWolter,	Mr. Cross.
Captain Beaugard,	Mr. Wood.
Dubbs,	Mr. Barnett.
Caleb Quotem,	Mr. Jefferson.
Servant,	Master Cunningham.
Grace Gaylove,	Mrs. Jefferson.
Lucy,	Mrs. Woodham.

☞ *The Evenings of performance in future will be* TUESDAY, THURSDAY *and* SATURDAY.

†‡† *Admittance—BOX,* ONE DOLLAR—*PIT,* SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS—*GALLERY,* FIFTY CENTS.

Tickets to be had at the office, in front of the THEATRE, at Gadsby's Hotel, and at the Office of the Daily Advertiser.

September 4.

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Charles Lee, Tho's Swann, } *Com'rs.*

August 4 2awts

For Sale or Rent,

A COMPLETE two story brick DWELLING HOUSE, and Lot of Ground, situate on Princess-street, between Washington and Columbus-streets. There are on the premies, a Smoke House and other out buildings. For terms apply to

John F. Smith.

August 10. d6t law2w d4t

FOR SALE,

THAT BEAUTIFUL SEAT,

SITUATED on the banks of Great Hunting Creek, called *Rural Felicity*, formerly owned by Mr. John Duff. It is at present rented for one year, for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, reserving the right of possession at any time during the above term, on giving one month's notice.—For terms apply to RICHARD LEWIS.

April 28 eo

For Sale by the Subscribers,

Lisbon Carpeting for summer, of different qualities,

Bucellos and Carcavello Wines in quarter casks,

Window Glass of different sizes,

Mould Candles of a superior quality in small boxes,

Soft shelled Almonds in bags,

A quantity of patent Iron hollow ware.

R. T. Hooe & Co.

June 1. eo

Just Received and for Sale,

By the Subscribers,

A choice cargo of MAHOGANY,

From the Bay of Honduras, of different lengths and sizes, which they will sell by the log or larger quantity.

They have also for Sale,

Sugar in hogsheads

London particular Madeira Wine,

Catalonia ditto. by the quarter cask

Virginia Rum, of excellent quality

Molasses by the hogshead

Liverpool Stoved Salt

And Logwood.

Nathaniel Wattles & Co.

January 26 2aw

JAMES SANDERSON

Offers for Sale, on moderate terms,

5000 lbs. best Green Coffee

10 tierces fresh Rice

20 kegs fresh Raisins

12 tierces green Copperas

5 pipes Cogniac Brandy

10 hhds. 4th proof Jamaica

20 barrels N. E. Rum

25 barrels Whiskey

10 bales Cotton

5 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards

12 boxes Tin Plates.

AND IN STORE,

26 hhds. south Potomac Tobacco.

May 11.

The Subscriber has just Received

And offers for sale,

Ninety hampers Bristol PORTER BOTTLES, containing one gross each.

Seven bales COTTON, of a superior quality for retailing—and

A few tierces fresh RICE.

ON HAND,

Best Philadelphia PORTER AND PALE ALE, in hhds.

Do. BEER, in barrels,

AND AS USUAL,

First quality Philadelphia Porter and Pale Ale, in bottles, *fine ufor home, or export consumption.*

ALSO,

WHITE AND BROWN SOAP, old and dry, and in nice order for retailing, or family use.

Wm. DUNLAP.

June 10. eotf.

☞ Complete sets of SALMAGUNDI as far as published, or any number to complete broken sets, may be had of

R. GRAY,

Bookseller, King Street

August 14.

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, in four distinct lots or together, four acres of LAND, containing from one and a quarter acre to two acres each, most eligibly situated without the territory of Columbia, extending in a right line from Gibbon-street to Great-Hunting-Creek, intersecting Jefferson, Franklin, and Green-street, and bounding east and west on Fayette and Payne-streets.

A plan of the ground and further particulars may be obtained by application to

James Patton.

June 22. tawtf

NOTICE.

ALL those who have any claims or demands against the estate of *John Dunlap*, merchant, late of the town of Alexandria, are hereby informed, to bring in their accounts, legally proved, before the first day of November next, at which time a full and final settlement and distribution of his estate, will be made. Should any accounts be exhibited after that period, they will be disregarded, and this *Notice* pleaded in bar of them. Those that are indebted to the estate, will be please to make immediate payment.

Samuel Craig, William Herbert, } *Ex'rs.*

April 6. 3taw

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of KING *and* FAIRFAX-STREETS, *ALEXANDRIA:*

HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

WINES.
- MADEIRA
- Port
- Sherry
- Lisbon
- Malaga
- Teneriffe &
- Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medoc claret, in cases of one dozen

A few dozen fine old frontinac

Ditto do. best wine bitters

Jamaica and West-India rum

New-England do.

Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy

Holland and country gin

Schiedam gin in cases

Irish whiskey, very old

70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey

Cider in barrels

White wine and Cider vinegar

Florence oil in flasks

2 hogsheads Havanna honey

15 do. choice retailing molasses

TEAS *of good quality.*
- Gunpowder
- Imperial
- Hyson
- Young Hyson
- Hyson-Skin and
- Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities

Bengal white do.

Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Alexandria.

Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff in bottles and bladders.

Macuba and rapee do.

Clover-seed, *(Penn. warranted)*

Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cayenne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley; London and Philadelphia mustard; basket salt; starch; fig blue; flotant indigo; Georgia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; madder; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk; pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine; traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns; gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpowder; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real British battle powder] from F to treble sealed; chewing tobacco; best Havanna segars.

Muscatel and bloom raisins in boxes.

Sun raisins in casks.

Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled almonds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and anchovies, for sale by the box.

A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable for the fishery, &c. &c.

March 19. d

JUST RECEIVED,

For Sale by ROBERT GRAY, King-street,

The Novice of St. Dominick, by Miss Owenson, author of the Wild Irish Girl, 2 vols. 12 mo.	$ 2 50
St. Clair, or the Heiress of Desmond, by the same author,	1 00
Margaretta,	1 25
Azuni's Maritime Law, 2 vols. octavo, gilt,	6 00
Pieces of Irish History, by W. J. Mac Nevan, in boards,	2 00
Secret History of the Court St. Cloud	2 00
Blackstone's Commentaries, with Christian's Notes, 4 vols.	6 00
Sugden's Law of Vendors,	5 00
Saunders's Reports, 3 vols.	16 00
Do. do. calf, 3 do.	17 50
Espinasses Nisi Prius, 2 vols.	7 00
Williams's cases, 5 vols. calf, Lon.	32 50

August 31.

ALEXANDRIA RACES.

THE ALEXANDRIA JOCKEY CLUB RACES will commence on TUESDAY the 3d day of November next, the course will be in the greatest stile, and enclosed by a complete fence.

The first day's purse will not be less than *FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS*, and will probably be more than that sum—all arrangements will be published sometime previous to the races.

Subscribers will pay their subscriptions to Mr. James Sanderson, treasurer. Mr. John Hodgkin is appointed clerk of the course, and all arrangements respecting the course is vested in him.

James S. Scott, *Sec'ry.*

August 25 d3tlawtf

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Being desirous of bringing the affairs of the late firm of THOMPSON *and* VEITCH, *to a final close, OFFER FOR SALE the following*

REAL PROPERTY, viz.

THREE comfortable Dwelling-Houses, with elegant stores, on the south side of King, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, lots extending back 175 feet; at present occupied by Joseph Janney, James Russel, and James R. Riddle and Co. The situation is considered to be amongst the best for business in Alexandria.

A dwelling house and lot on the north side of King-street, near the corner of King and Pitt-streets, occupied by Samuel Snowden.

A lot, fronting 56 feet on Pitt-street, extending back 119 feet, and bounded on the south by an alley, on which is a shed occupied by M. Dorsey, coach-maker.

A brick dwelling house on Prince-street, betwixt Fairfax and Royal-streets, occupied by William Lovering.

Also, the vacant lots adjoining, on each side of said house. Their situation for business equal to any unimproved property in town.

That large commodious and brick tavern, in George-Town, with all the buildings and improvments attached thereto, situated on the main street leading from the public ferry; occupied by Joseph Semmes.

Three handsome three story brick dwelling houses, with brick stables and carriage houses, being part of the six buildings, situated on Pennsylvania avenue, in the city of Washington.

A handsome, commodious, and well finished brick dwelling house, in Charlestown, Jefferson county, late the property of Van Rutherford, with a large garden and the corner storehouse on same lot, situate near the centre of the main street.

Also, a tan-yard with sundry improvements, a comfortable dwelling house and lot adjoining, very handsomely situated, &c. Late the property of George Hite.

Also, a two story house and lot on the main street, at present occupied by Charles Foulk.

And a vacant lot on the main street, in a central situation for business.

For particular information respecting the above property in Charles-Town, application may be made to *William Tate*, Esq. of that place, or to *Henry St. George Tucker*, Esq. of Winchester.

A tract of land in Loudoun county, containing 400 acres, situate near the Gum Spring-late the property of J. Spencer. On this tract there are two settlements and about 60 acres in cultivation, the rest of the land well timbered; the new turnpike road will pass thro' a part of this tract. Captain Charles Lewis living near the Gum-Spring, will shew this land to any person desirous of viewing it.

One other tract of 196 acres, in Frederkic county, about four miles from Winchester and near the lands belonging to judge Holmes. For particulars apply to *Henry St. George Tucker*, Esq.

One other tract of 400 acres, in Hampshire county, on a branch of Fairley's Run, near the town of Frankfort, formerly owned by Daniel Jones.

One other tract of 500 acres, in Randolph county, being part of an old military survey on the south side of Glady Creek, considered to be of excellent quality. This tract is situated in a thickly settled part of that country, and contiguous to the main road leading from Randolph to the horse-shoe-bottom, on Cheat-river.

One other tract, named *Fertility*, of 263 acres, in Westmoreland county, state of Pennsylvania; situated on the Monongahela river, and binding thereon for 3-4 of a mile, about one quarter of a mile below Casner's ferry, and 4 miles above Purkinson's ferry. A large proportion is rich bottom land, with a valuable orchard of sugar trees and about 60 acres in cultivation. The main road from Union-Town to Pittsburg passes close by this land.

Any part of the above described property we are disposed to sell at reasonable rates, on the following terms, viz. One fifth in hand, and the residue in three or four equal annual payments, the purchaser giving bonds with security on the premises.

Jonah Thompson,
Richard Veitch.

Alexandria April 25. wtsaf

ALMANACS *for* 1808,

Just Published, and for sale,

By COTTOM & STEWART.

Aug. 24.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans' court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of *Matthew Eakin*, late of the county aforesaid deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of February next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And all those indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under my hand this 10th day of August, 1807.

Fredericka Angusta Helena Eakin,
Administratrix.

August 10. 2aw6w

The Subscriber has on Hand,

About 20,000 feet Mahogany,

of a good quality; which he will sell low for cash or on a short credit, by the log or plank.

John Muir.

August 20. co3t 8aw4w

N. B. He still continues to carry on the Cabinet and Chair Manufactory, in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

☞ A Journeyman Cabinet-maker wanted.

*** 2000 feet of half-inch Walnut Plank for sale.

To Parents, Guardians, & Teachers.

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY COTTOM AND STEWART,

ALEXANDRIA,

MAVOR'S

UNIVERSAL SPELLING-BOOK,

Accompanied by a progressive series of Easy and Familiar Lessons.

Intended as an Introduction to the first Elements of the English Language.

THE AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

NOTWITHSTANDING the vast number of initiatory books for children in the Nursery, which have been written within these few years by persons of distinguished abilities and sanctioned with their names, it must still be allowed, that there has not appeared one introduction to Reading, for the general use of schools, that rises above the level of the vulgar, though popular compilations of Dyche, Dilworth and Fenning. The superstructure has been attended to with sedulous care; and writers of the first eminence have contributed to rear the fabric of learning, while the foundation has almost invariably been suffered to be laid, by the most unskilful and ignorant workmen. The consequence has frequently been, as might be expected from such a procedure: the taste has been vitiated at the very commencement; and it has often proved more difficult to remove error, than it would have cost pains to plant originally the principles of truth.

For the neglect we have alluded to, it would be impossible to produce any consistent reason. Perhaps the pride of acknowledged literature could not stoop to an occupation reputed so mean, as that of compiling a Spelling Book. Yet to lay the first stone of a noble edifice, has ever been a task delegated to the most honorable hands; and to sow the first seeds of useful learning in the nascent mind, is an employment that cannot be disgraceful to the most illustrious talents. Bishop Lowth wrote an excellent English grammar, and several men of rank in literature have benefitted the public by similar productions; yet it is in vain that grammars are written, if no one has learned to read: it is in vain that the sublimest discoveries are made in any art or science, if the generality of the world are precluded from profiting by them, for want of previous instruction in the first principles with which they are connected.

The Editor of the following sheets is fully convinced of the solidity of his inferences and the justice of his remarks, in whatever light his present undertaking may be regarded. Humble or degrading as it may appear to those who, perhaps, have no higher pretensions than himself, he cannot think that labor dishonorable, which is so manifestly beneficial to the rising generation; nor has he any reason to fear, but that the candid and judicious will appreciate his motives and his production as they deserve. Our sentiments and our conduct are more influenced by early impressions than many seem willing to allow. The stream will always flow tinctured with the nature of its source. A just maxim, a humane principle, a germ of knowledge early imbibed, will be permanent to the last. The first books we read can never be forgotten, nor the principles they inculcate, eradicated. Hence, in the prosecution of this work, care has been taken to make every lesson or essay, as far as the nature and intention of the plan would allow, tend to some useful purpose of information or instruction. Even in the more easy progressive lessons, where sense was limited to a single syllable, it is hoped something will be found to please and to improve, nor will this be thought difficult. To tread in the steps of a Barbault, a Janffret, an Edgeworth, a Trimmer, a Berquin, and to accommodate their labors to the benevolent design in hand, only acquired a little taste and judgment, which any person conversant with education and books ought to possess.

In short, the Editor feels inclined to believe, that this manual for early youth will be found much better adapted for the purpose than any that has preceded it; and in consequence he anticipates the kind patronage of Teachers in general. It probably will tend to facilitate their labour, by furnishing subjects more agreeable to the pupil, than the dry inanity of most books of the kind; and it cannot fail to redound to their credit also, by giving youth an opportunity of gaining as much general knowledge as could be crowded within the limits prescribed.

Indeed it was a remark of the publisher, (to whom British youth are under singular obligations for furnishing them with many valuable opportunities of improvement) when he earnestly pressed this work on the Editor's attention "That a Spelling Book frequently constitutes the whole library of a poor child, unless when charity puts a bible into his hands, & it consequently ought to contain as great a variety of useful matter as the price will permit." The compilation has been formed strictly on this principle.

Woodstock, Oct. 20th, 1802.

PRINTED DAILY BY

SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VII.]

SALES AT VE
On every Tuesday
WILL BE S
AT THE VENDU
Corner of Prince and
Variety of Dry Goods
Particulars of which will
the bills of th
ALL kinds of goods w
ties and the prices of whi
em at any time be viewed a
exact limitation and prices
P. G. Ma

Twenty thousa
Porto Rico Gree
Croix Sugars, received
and Riley, from St. Thom
For sale by
R. V
on
C. Fo
July 27.

FOR SAL
BY LEWIS D
An assortment of *BROA*
eleven to eighteen shillin
part of them intitled to dra
Ravens Duck,
French Brandy,
Catilonia Wine, in half
casks.
New-England Rum, in
Cod-Fish, and Stone L
May 7.

A Miller W
To a Man who
Milling Business, and ca
commendations for industr
local wages will be given b
June 20

District of Co
NOTICE is hereby gi
all concern, That
of Portugal to the United
has authorized the subscri
papers that may be nece
sound from the ports of th
Portugal or Madeira.
Those masters of vesse
having their bills of health
be liable to undergo quara
It is requisite that any
account of a Portuguese
declared, and sworn to, as
ty; and the bills of lading
L
May 16.

Twenty five Dol
RAN AWAY, *sometime in*
ember or Dece
A NEGRO MAN by
who was lived in th
ria to a Mr. *Robert Smith*
years of age, about 5 fee
high, very strait, of rathe
dark complexion, stutters
little, and generally seems
when spoken to. He had
relations in the county of
perhaps now be lurking in
But I think it more prob
gone to the state of Maryl
to the state of Virginia an
will give the above reward
Maryland and brought to
dy Dollars reward.
Baldw
Virginia, Westmoreland
county, July 24.

Notice is here
THAT the subscriber
on TUESDAY and SA
week, agreeable to law,
transacting testamentary
ness appertaining thereto
persons concerned are re
Alexan
Register of Wi
August 1.

FOR SA
THAT BEAUTI
SITUATED on the b
ing Creek, called
merly owned by Mr. John
sent rented for one year,
hundred and fifty dollars,
of possession at any tim
terms on giving one m
terms apply to RIC
April 28